Forklifts Quiz

Please choose the correct answers to the following:

1. OSHA’s forklift classifications are based on the forklifts’ degree of danger.
   ___ True    ___ False

2. OSHA’s 1998 revision of forklift operator training requirements expanded the regulation to explain what training has to cover.
   ___ True    ___ False

3. You can’t drive a forklift without employer certification that you’re trained and have shown you can operate the forklift safely.
   ___ True    ___ False

4. All OSHA forklift training must be identical, no matter what type of forklift you operate or how you use it.
   ___ True    ___ False

5. Driving a forklift is just like driving everything else, except you’re not on the street.
   ___ True    ___ False

6. Forklifts have the right of way over pedestrians.
   ___ True    ___ False

7. One important way to avoid tipovers is to slow down before making a turn.
   ___ True    ___ False

8. When you pick up a load with a forklift, you drive under the load.
   ___ True    ___ False

9. You shouldn’t carry anything on a forklift’s overhead guard
   ___ True    ___ False

10. Once an operator has been certified as able to operate a forklift safely, he or she is never evaluated again.
    ___ True    ___ False
Answers to Forklifts Quiz

1. False. The classifications are based on the forklifts’ power sources.

2. True.

3. True.

4. False. Training must refer to the specific type of forklifts, loads, and work area the trainee will be working with.

5. False. Forklifts have different centers of gravity, visibility, and other differences.

6. False. Pedestrians have the right of way.

7. True

8. True

9. True

10. False. OSHA requires re-evaluation at least every three years, and sooner if the forklift or hazards change or if the operator drives unsafely.